

# Resinex AP MB SO<sub>4</sub>

## Strong base anion exchange resin

Resinex<sup>TM</sup> AP MB SO<sub>4</sub> is a high purity, premium grade, strongly basic macroporous anion exchange resin type 1. The macroporous crosslinked matrix offers a very high resistance to physical breakage and organic fouling. Its remarkable physical stability makes it highly suitable for industrial applications at very high velocities, such as condensate treatment and reversible removal of organics.

The selected bead distribution of Resinex™ AP MB SO, is especially adapted for mixed bed applications.

#### **Typical Properties**

Туре	Crosslinked polystyrene divinylbenzene
Form	macroporous, milky white, spherical beads
Functional group	Quaternary amine, Type 1
Whole bead count	95% min.
lonic form, as shipped	SO <sub>4</sub> -
Bead size	0.40 - 0.90 mm
Uniformity coefficient	1.60 max.
Bulk density, as shipped	680 kg/m³
Real density	1.08 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Water retention	50 - 60%
Total capacity (CI <sup>-</sup> form)	1.15 eq/l min.
Volume change Cl <sup>-</sup> -> OH <sup>-</sup>	20% max.
Stability, temperature	60°C (OH <sup>-</sup> form) max.
Stability, pH	0 - 14

#### **Standard Design Conditions**

Bed depth	> 700 mm
Service flow rate	8 - 40 BV/h
Backwash expansion	50 - 75%

#### **Key Features and Benefits**

- High Integrity Beads
  Excellent resistance to mechanical degradation ensures low pressure drop
- Excellent Resistance To Organic Fouling Removable organics
- Resistance To Osmotic Shock
  Extended lifetime and very low number of broken beads
- Selected Bead Size Lower pressure drop

#### **Typical Applications**

- Demineralisation in industrial water treatment systems, especially in the presence of high organic loadings
- Demineralisation and polishing when used in combination with Resinex<sup>™</sup> KP MB
- Treatment of electroplating rinse waters in combination with Resinex<sup>™</sup> KP MB

#### Standard Packaging

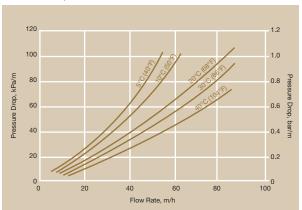
- 25 lit. PE valve bag
- 1000 litre big bag



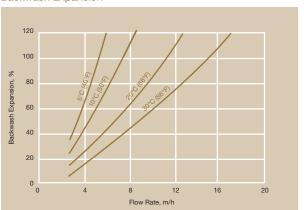
### Resinex<sup>™</sup> AP MB SO<sub>4</sub>

Strong base anion exchange resin

#### Pressure Drop



#### Backwash Expansion



#### Standard Regeneration Parameters Co-Flow Counter-Flow

Concentration	4% NaOH	2% NaOH
Level	60-150 g/l	50-80 g/l
Flow rate regenerant	4-6 BV/h	6-8 BV/h
Contact time regenerant	30-60 min.	20-40 min.
Flow rate slow rinse	4-6 BV/h	6-8 BV/h
Slow rinse water required	2-4 BV	2 BV
Flow rate fast rinse	10-30 BV/h	10-30 BV/h
Fast rinse water required	6-10 BV	6-10 BV

The use of a weak base solution such as ammonia or sodium carbonate as a regenerant is an alternative to caustic soda. Please contact your nearest Jacobi Carbons sales office for further information.

#### **Product Packing**



25 lit. polyethylene valve bag 48 bags per pallet



Polypropylene FIBCs (big bag), 1.000 lit.



CAUTION Strong oxidizing agents such as nitric acid can react violently with ion exchange resins and cause explosive type reactions. Before using strong oxidants, consult sources knowledgeable in the handling of these materials



**NOTICE** Due to the progressive nature of the Jacobic Carbons Group and the continuelly improving design and performance of our products, we seemed the sight to change product specifications without prior notification. The information contained in this databasket is intended to sussist or automate in the evolution and selection of products applied by Jacobi Carbons. The automate is responsible for determining whether accordance of the information contained in this document are exprepative for extensive two posted contains assume no obligation or loading on the usage of the information in this databasket, no guarantees or warrantee, expressed or implied, are provided. Jacobic Carbons disclaims are not according to the latest product of the second contains the contains of the second contains the contains the contains the second contains the contains the second contains the conta

© Copyright 2012. Jacobi, Jacobi Carbons, Kesinex, the Resinex and the Jacobi logos are trademarks of Jacobi Carbons, all of which mo or may not be used in certain jurisdictions.



